



February 5, 2016

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Week 4 – February 1–5, 2016

This Week in Review

Today, Friday, February 5, the Legislature's first, self-imposed cut-off deadline arrived. All bills must have passed out of their original house policy committee (that is, House bills out of House policy committees and Senate bills out of Senate policy committees) by today in order to remain alive. Most legislative committees had full agendas with some public hearings. but mostly executive sessions to act on bills previously heard. With today's deadline, a tremendous number of the current 4,000-plus bills on the docket died—many with no action and some with either courtesy (or perhaps ineffective) public hearings. Some of them were not ranked highly on the priority list and simply died for lack of time. Regardless of why the bills died, this automatic weeding-out process will allow legislators to narrow their focus on bills they truly prioritize. Legislators' attention will now quickly shift to budget-related matters in an effort to act on priority bills prior to the next, rapidly approaching cut-off deadline. All budget-related bills must be passed out of the their original house fiscal committee (that is, House bills out of the House Appropriations, Finance, Capital Budget or Transportation Committees and Senate bills out of the Senate Ways & Means or Transportation Committees) by next Tuesday, February 9, in order to remain alive. After that, most of the action shifts to the House and Senate chambers, as each body will hold lengthy floor sessions to move bills out of their original house before legislative committees resume meeting—this time taking public testimony and acting on opposite house bills.

2016 Legislative Conference

This past weekend, over 450 school directors and school administrators from across the state convened at the Olympia Campus of the South Puget Sound Community College for the 2016 WASA/WSSDA/WASBO Legislative Conference. Sunday's powerful program armed attendees with the information necessary to make a successful march on the Capitol for Monday's annual "Day on the Hill."

The Conference opened with a presentation from representatives of Governor Inslee's policy office as they described the focus of his education priorities. They noted that, aside from required budget proposals, Inslee has only requested one bill this session—a package to positively address the growing teacher shortage. Introduced as HB 2472/SB 6241, Inslee

About TWIO

This Week in Olympia is emailed to active WASA and AEA members each Friday during the Legislative Session and is posted on WASA's website at www. wasa-oly.org/TWIO.

proposes to improve teacher recruitment and retention by boosting beginning teacher salaries to \$40,000 per year and provide a minimum one percent raise to all other teachers. The bill would also assist teachers by providing \$5.0 million to expand the Beginning Educator Support Team (BEST) mentoring program at OSPI. Other than mentioning Gov. Inslee's effort to bring legislators together in a McCleary Workgroup to address the Supreme Court's ordered "complete plan" (an update on that legislation later), there was little discussion of *McCleary* from the governor's office.

The focus of the next presentation, however, was exclusively McCleary-related. We were pleased to have Tom Ahearne, lead counsel for the plaintiffs (Network for Excellence in Washington Schools – NEWS) in the case, return to our Conference. Ahearne provided an update on McCleary and explained two of the "distractions" around the case: the issue of eguity and levy reform. Ahearne walked through the constitutional provisions and the Court's decision and orders to clarify the focus of the case on "ample" funding, noting that legislative questions of "uniform" funding (or "equity") dilute the constitutional mandate that the Legislature provide "considerably more than adequate" funding to schools. "Levy reform," specifically the discussion of a "levy swap," is another way the Legislature has avoided their obligation, arguing that a politically divisive and complicated levy swap is stalling their progress. Levy reform, however, has not been ordered by the Court. Certainly, the state's unconstitutional underfunding of basic education is forcing an unconstitutional overreliance on levies, which must be rectified. A levy swap is a potential legislative solution (one that attempts to address the equity question as well as the levy overreliance), but not one that is required by the Court. As the Legislature continues to be held in Contempt of Court, Ahearne reminded attendees what options the Court has at their disposal if the Legislature fails to purge the contempt order, as well as potential options if they ultimately fail to meet their mandate to fully fund basic education by the Court-ordered 2017–18 school year deadline.

At the end of Ahearne's presentation, he was joined by Dr. Nick Brossoit, Edmonds superintendent and NEWS president, for a Q&A session with attendees. WASA also provided an encouragement to directors and administrators to consider being a member of **NEWS** to ensure there is an ongoing, active oversight of the continuing case.

Next, executive directors from WASA (Bill Keim), WSSDA (Alan Burke), and WASBO (Nancy Moffatt) provided attendees with some additional background and insights into the legislative discussions—and our organizations' positions—on compensation and levy reform. Keim started the conversation with a presentation on the history of the issue as well as the current status of discussions to provide some context. The three executives then answered a series of questions to draw out further insights into the issues. The issues addressed (including statewide collective bargaining, defining basic education, and potential levy reforms) will be the centerpiece of legislative discussions during this session and the 2017 session, as well as any interim conversations—especially if a new Education Funding Task Force is established.

The program continued with presentations from State Superintendent Randy Dorn and State Treasurer Jim McIntire. Dorn welcomed attendees and encouraged them to continue to engage with legislators during this crucial time. He also walked through his proposal to address the teacher and substitute teacher shortage (request legislation introduced as SB 6332/HB 2573). Of course, he also provided his continued criticism of the Legislature and governor for failing to adequately address McCleary and noted that he would continue to oppose legislation that failed to move the state forward to full funding of basic education.

Treasurer McIntire provided an in-depth, but easy to understand, review of the current status of state revenues. He noted his concern that Washington's regressive and unstable revenue system will simply be unable to meet the McCleary mandate and adequately support other necessary state services into the future. McIntire reviewed his comprehensive tax reform proposal, which would establish a fairer revenue system for individuals and businesses while also enhancing state revenues. The proposal would reduce the state sales tax, reduce property

taxes and reduce taxes on businesses (the B&O tax), coupled with the establishment of a new flat tax on income, with revenues being dedicated to education (75 percent to K-12 and 25 percent to higher education). The reduction of taxes would make the system fairer, but would also provide an incentive to support the income tax. Similar plans in the past have failed, however, because taxpayers fear that if an income tax was adopted, the other taxes would quickly increase back to the previous rates. Understanding this fear, McIntire's plan would "lock in" the lower tax rates, requiring a 60 percent supermajority of the House and Senate to increase the tax rates.

On Tuesday, two days after McIntire outlined his education funding plan at our Conference (which he first unveiled in April, 2015), he was publicly pitching the idea. The Seattle Times published his Op-Ed in support of the proposal. He argued strongly that "We need to act in 2016. We need to fix our broken education-finance system—now—by creating a sustainable, fair and competitive tax system." Unfortunately, legislators have already shown their reticence to even discuss possible McCleary solutions until 2017—after the election. Expecting them to act on (or even discuss) a major overhaul of taxes seems to be even more unlikely. To his credit, McIntire will continue to push the idea. In addition to the handout provided at the Conference (hyperlinked above), there is a section on the Washington State Treasurer's website dedicated to the proposal. The site contains a summary of the proposal, along with a series of charts, a video of last year's press conference when McIntire publicly unveiled the proposal, and a tax calculator to get an idea what this plan would do to an individual's tax liability. Finally, McIntire's proposal has been introduced in the Senate as SJR 8207 and the constitutional amendment's implementing legislation, SB 6114. There was no action on the legislation last year and does not appear there will be an effort to even hear the plan this session.

Sunday's program ended with the traditional review of Hot Topics—the issues our joined associations agreed to address with legislators on the "Day on the Hill." Four issues were on the list:

- 1. The 2016 Supplemental Operating Budget, requesting: additional enhancements to basic education, in particular to address the unconstitutional underfunding of basic education labor costs; adoption of legislation or other provisions to protect school districts from falling over the levy cliff; and the limitation of local compensation to work time outside the program of basic education to protect districts at the bargaining table.
- 2. The 2016 Supplemental Capital Budget, requesting: an update of the Construction Cost Allowance and Student Space Allocation to ensure funding more closely reflects actual construction costs and educational space needs; a significant increase in capital funds to specifically accommodate all-day kindergarten and K-3 class size reduction; and the advancement of a constitutional amendment to the people authorizing school district bond issues to be approved with a simple majority vote.
- 3. Teacher and Substitute Teacher Shortage, requesting: increased beginning teacher salaries and incentives; an allowance for recently retired teachers to return to the classroom; assistance in recruiting teachers and encouraging teaching as a profession; assisting out-of-state teachers to work in Washington; and a simplified path for teachers to apply for jobs.
- Science Assessment Graduation Requirement, requesting: legislation that would secure the elimination of the Biology End of Course exam as a high school graduation requirement.

Hot Topic forms are available on the WASA website. Both Hot Topics documents are available: the more detailed legislator contact form (corrected copy) and the smaller "leave behind" with talking points.

Our members were unleashed on Monday and approached the Capitol en masse. For the most part, Monday's meetings were productive. If you have not done so already, be sure to drop your legislators a quick note thanking them for their time—and be sure to include any information that you may have promised them. If you were not able to meet with your legislators, use this as an excuse to make contact, reminding them of your priorities. Also, please remember to fill out your Conference evaluation. Your feedback is always valuable as we prepare for the next Conference, but will be especially helpful to understand your thoughts about the new venue we used this year.

NOTE: Presentations and materials from the Conference are posted on the WASA website under Professional Development Conference Resources.

Levy Cliff

Protecting school districts from the approaching levy cliff continues to be a major WASA priority for this session. We continue to receive generally positive feedback from legislators and the WASA/WSSDA/WASBO "Day on the Hill" allowed us to touch more "rank and file" legislators to educate them about the issue. While we continue to see increasing support to address the issue, there continue to be pockets of resistance mainly due to a fundamental misunderstanding of the issue. Skeptical legislators are trying to downplay the impact of the levy cliff by peddling documents that show, statewide, the projected decreases in levy capacity and Local Effort Assistance (LEA) are minimal compared to the expected increases in HB 2776 funding. According to the estimates, there would "only" be a net loss of \$30 million statewide. While this might not seem like a big deal in the grand scheme of things, these documents make no accounting for the ongoing underfunding of educator compensation underfunding that will NOT be backfilled by HB 2776 funding. We continue to forcefully argue that basic education labor costs MUST be addressed FIRST, before school districts lose levy capacity and/or LEA funding or school districts will be unable to meet their financial obligations without drastically reducing or eliminating programs and making potentially damaging Reductions in Force.

We urge you to continue to work with your legislators and explain to them what a reduction in levy lids and/or LEA funding reductions will mean to your district. WASA has posted a statewide summary of impacts—a collective loss of almost \$500 million in local levy capacity. This information was culled from a larger OSPI spreadsheet showing more detailed statewide impacts as well as individual school district impacts (please note that this is a very large Excel file). Additionally, several of the ESDs have calculated regional impacts, as well as individual school district impacts within their regions. Contact your ESD superintendent or chief financial officers to see if that information is available.

Finally, it is important to remember that, while we continue to hone in on the oncoming levy lid and LEA reductions, a part of the package is the elimination of the so-called "ghost" revenues which have artificially inflated levy bases. Reducing levy bases due to the loss of ghost revenues will compound the negative impact of the reduction of levy lids and LEA funding. Because many legislators do not understand (or perhaps even know about) the ghost revenues in school district levy bases, we have generally avoiding delving into the discussion for fear of further confusing the issue; however, the reduction in levy bases will further complicate district budgeting.

McCleary v. State "Plan"

Last week we provided details on the movement of the two McCleary "plan" bills: HB 2366 and SB 6195. HB 2366 was adopted by the House and awaits action in the Senate Early Learning & K-12 Education Committee. Given this week's original house policy committee cut-off. HB 2366 was not expected to be heard. When committee action resumes after the original house bill cut-off, however, it will be interesting to see if HB 2366 gets a Senate hearing or if it will languish. The Senate may see no need to move on the House's bill because

their preferred SB 6195 is on the move. As noted last week, it was drastically altered in the Education Committee before adoption and was moved to the Senate Ways & Means Committee. The amended bill was heard on Wednesday. In the Education Committee, WASA noted that we were frustrated the bill essentially "punted" on any solution to McCleary, but plugged our nose and offered tepid support—understanding that either HB 2366 or SB 6195 was likely to be adopted and it was clear there would be no other attempt to make real any progress on *McCleary* this session.

The drastic and unfortunate changes to SB 6195 in the Education Committee made us change course. On Wednesday, we firmly opposed the new version of the bill, clearly noting that even though the original bill was "underwhelming" and certainly did not go as far as we believed it should have, we took a pragmatic position to support it. We said, given the political circumstances, the McCleary Workgroup reached a reasonable and pragmatic conclusion and at least offered a solid commitment, with a date certain, to eliminate the overreliance on levies and address underfunding of educator compensation. We urged the Ways & Means Committee to roll back the adopted amendment in Section Four of the bill to the original language so the bill could be accepted by the House, be signed into law and we could quickly start moving towards a McCleary solution. We also noted that by bringing the original language back (which outlined a commitment to solve the levy conundrum by the end of the 2017 session), it would public signal the Senate's commitment to address a McCleary solution following a reasonable deadline. Committee members seemed lessthan-convinced to say the least. The new version of SB 6195 will likely be adopted by the Committee next week; no positive changes are expected. Because this bill could be classified as a budget-related bill, failure to act by next week's cut-off presumably will not doom the bill's chances. And, even if for some reason SB 6195 were to die, HB 2366 awaits action in the Senate Education Committee. Stay tuned.

Other Activities

Public Records Act

WASA continues to be a part of a Local Government Coalition, comprised of associations representing school directors, cities, counties, public ports, public hospital districts, public utilities districts, fire districts, and others. As a Coalition, we support—or oppose—issues of common interest. Much of our focus has been on issues surrounding the Public Records Act (PRA) and the Open Public Meetings Act (OPMA).

While it is certainly premature to claim victory, comprehensive legislation to assist local governments in dealing with public records requests is on the move this session, HB 2576. sponsored by Representative Joan McBride (D-Kirkland), would make several changes to the Public Records Act. The bill would:

- Authorize a local agency, including school districts, to adopt a policy limiting the number of hours it devotes to responding to public records requests, under certain conditions:
- Establish a new Public Records Commission to administer the provisions of the PRA. The Commission would have jurisdiction over disputes arising under the PRA between local agencies and persons making public records requests;
- Authorize local agencies (including school districts) and requestors to submit requests to the Public Records Commission for resolution of disputes by: voluntary arbitration; voluntary mediation; or in the event that either the agency or requestor does not consent to arbitration or mediation, adjudicative proceeding;
- Create a Dedicated Open Records Account to support the operations and administration of the Public Records Commission:
- Allow local agencies, including school districts, to impose a fee for the actual cost of providing a public record if the request is primarily for a commercial purpose; and

Declare the Legislature's intent to fully fund the Local Government Archives Account
to support local government services, such as: records management training for
local governments; providing records scheduling, security microfilm inspection, and
storage; archival preservation; cataloging; indexing for local government records
and digital data; and access to local government records and data through the
regional branch archives of the Division of Archives and Records Management.

Rep. McBride, a former mayor and city council member in Kirkland, understands the burden of some public records requests on local governments and has spoken passionately about the need to balance the public's right to know with common sense measures to ensure those rights are not abused. HB 2576 was adopted by the House Local Government Committee yesterday. The bill has not yet been re-referred and it is unclear if it will move to the House Appropriations Committee due to the fiscal implications in the bill, or if it will move straight the House Rules Committee. Either way, this positive bill has at least survived the first cut-off.

Growth Management Act

Legislation to assist school districts in siting schools outside of a county's designated Growth Management Act (GMA) Urban Growth Area (UGA) continues to be a hot topic in Olympia. Bethel School District has little options available as they seek to build new schools and several years ago began seeking legislation to allow them to build outside of the UGA. After the issue continued to stall, Tom Seigel, Bethel superintendent, contacted his colleagues across the state and found that at least 26 school districts are in a similar situation as Bethel. The time seemed ripe last year for some positive momentum and multiple bills were introduced. Those bills were eventually scuttled, but proviso language inserted in the 2015–17 Capital Budget required the establishment of a School Siting Task Force. This past fall several legislators and a broad group of stakeholders, including four superintendents, met to try and find solutions to school siting in areas which have little available space within UGA's. In December, the Task Force released its report with a series of potential recommendations.

The Task Force sparked renewed interest in the school siting issue and multiple bills were introduced, including SB 6426, HB 2586, HB 2377, and a reintroduced HB 1420 from last year. Each bill received a public hearing and it appeared that one of the bills was set to ultimately be adopted. Unfortunately, the issue is complicated—and controversial. The newly appointed chair in the House Local Government Committee, Representative Sherry Appleton (D-Poulsbo) expressed her interest and the desire to get up-to-speed on the issue; however, she also expressed her reticence to move the issue during a short session. Rather than adopting any of these bills, she has opted to focus on the bigger picture and introduced HB 2945 to fully review the Growth Management Act. The bill would create a Legislative Task Force on the Growth Management Act to review GMA and provide recommendations for modifications "that will help ensure that Washington's land use practices align with the needs of current and future residents of the state." The Task Force, comprised of a broad cross-section of stakeholders, including one school director to be appointed by WSSDA, would be charged with reviewing multiple issues, including school siting. While there is some fear that the school siting issue will be lost in the shuffle, at least there will be an opportunity to advocate for some positive change. The bill was heard on Wednesday and was adopted by the House Local Government Committee vesterday. SB 6426 was also adopted by its Committee, the Senate Government Operations & Security Committee, yesterday; however, if it successfully passes the full Senate, it will likely not move in the House.

AEA

This Week in Olympia:
Week 4, February 1-5, 2016
continued

By Mitch Denning

WASBO members participated in the annual WASA/WSSDA/WASBO Legislative Conference on Sunday at South Puget Sound Community College and at the Capitol on Monday, meeting with their area legislators. It was an excellent conference, educating all attendees on our K–12 primary issues of a need for a plan for *McCleary* and levy reform, and then following up with their legislators the next day.

On Tuesday, our AEA groups participated in our annual Day on the Hill. We had excellent meetings with members of all four caucuses. In addition to levy reform and *McCleary*, we also discussed space issues for K–3 class size reduction, school siting needs, simple majority for bond issues, and an appropriate state policy for expanding student participation in school breakfast programs.

As today represents the first policy bill cut-off, we will be weighing in on issues that move out of their respective policy committees. A number of bills we are watching are still alive, as lawmakers in all four caucuses continue to consider our issues. Each of our associations have positioned themselves well to influence state policy, along with building excellent relationships with lawmakers.

Pensions/Health Benefits

By Fred Yancey - The Nexus Group

"For most folks, no news is good news; for the press, good news is not news."

Few items of consequence occurred this week concerning pensions or health benefits. Most proposed bills did not receive any hearings and as legislative deadlines approach for committee actions, chances of bills advancing that have been mentioned in previous reports wane.

The one bright spot was the Senate Education Committee passage of **SSB 6455**. Regarding the use of early retirees as substitute teachers, the bill lifts the prohibition against their return to work. There are no limits to the number of hours and the bill would sunset in June 30, 2018.

Senator Litzow, chair of the committee, led the debate. The vote to send the bill to the Senate Ways & Means Committee was bipartisan. Senators Dammeier and Rolfes were the prime sponsors.

Do pass: Senators Litzow, Dammeier, Rolfes, Fain, Billig, Hill, and Rivers

Do not pass: Senators McAuliffe and Mullet

The challenge now is to continue moving the bill. It will need to be scheduled and acted upon by the Ways & Means Committee by the February 9 deadline. Any contact with your local legislators urging action on this bill would be important.

Two other bills of note that also could impact teacher shortages and retention.

HB 2646 moved out of the House Appropriations Committee and is now in Rules. It would change the present pension default plan for new members in PERS, TRS, or SERS who are first eligible to enter the retirement system (New hires). Presently, those who do not make a pension selection default to Plan 3 (a hybrid defined benefit/defined contribution plan). This bill changes the default to Plan 2 (a defined benefit plan). This will affect new hires after July 1, 2016.

SSB 5435 (Senators Bailey and Schoesler) would expand participation in the state's deferred compensation program (DCP). No later than January 1, 2017, persons newly hired by the state must in enrolled in the DCP unless the employee elects to waive participation. Persons who participate in the plan without selecting a deferral amount must contribute 3 percent of pay into their DCP account each month.

This bill is out of Senate Rules and is awaiting possible action on the floor.



Legislative Resources

Committee Meeting Schedule

Legislative Committees Meetings are scheduled to be held at the following times but are subject to change.

Up-to-date meeting schedules and agendas are available on the State Legislature website.

Mondays

1:30-3:25 p.m.

Senate Early Learning & K-12 Education Senate Hearing Room 1

House Education House Hearing Room A

3:30-5:30 p.m.

Senate Ways & Means Senate Hearing Room 4

House Appropriations House Hearing Room A

Tuesdays

1:30-3:25 p.m.

Senate Early Learning & K-12 Education Senate Hearing Room 1

House Education House Hearing Room A

3:30-5:30 p.m.

Senate Ways & Means Senate Hearing Room 4

Wednesdays

3:30-5:30 p.m.

Senate Ways & Means Senate Hearing Room 4

House Appropriations House Hearing Room A

Thursdays

8-9:55 a.m.

Senate Early Learning & K-12 Education Senate Hearing Room 1

House Education House Hearing Room A

3:30-5:30 p.m.

Senate Ways & Means Senate Hearing Room 4

House Appropriations House Hearing Room A

Useful Links

Washington State Government http://www.access.wa.gov

State Legislature

http://www.leg.wa.gov

Senate

http://www.leg.wa.gov/Senate

House of Representatives http://www.leg.wa.gov/House

Legislative Committees

http://leg.wa.gov/legislature/Pages/ Calendar.aspx

Legislative Schedules

http://www.leg.wa.gov/legislature/pages/ calendar.aspx

Office of the Governor

http://www.governor.wa.gov

http://www.k12.wa.us

TVW

http://www.tvw.org

Session Cutoff Calendar

January 11, 2016

First Day of Session.

February 5, 2016

Last day to read in committee reports in house of origin, except House fiscal, Senate Ways & Means, and Transportation committees.

February 9, 2016

Last day to read in committee reports from House fiscal, Senate Ways & Means, and Transportation committees in house of origin.

February 17, 2016

Last day to consider bills in house of origin (5 p.m.).

February 26, 2016

Last day to read in committee reports from opposite house, except House fiscal, Senate Ways & Means, and Transportation committees.

February 29, 2016

Last day to read in opposite house committee reports from House fiscal. Senate Ways & Means, and Transportation committees.

March 4, 2016*

Last day to consider opposite house bills (5 p.m.) (except initiatives and alternatives to initiatives, budgets and matters necessary to implement budgets, differences between the houses, and matters incident to the interim and closing of the session).

March 10, 2016

Last day allowed for regular session under state constitution.

*After the 54th day, only initiatives, alternatives to initiatives, budgets and matters necessary to implement budgets. messages pertaining to amendments, differences between the houses, and matters incident to the interim and closing of the session may be considered.

Bill Watch

TWIO tracks critical education bills each week as they are introduced. Detailed bill information can be accessed by clicking on the bill number. The following is a list of the bills of highest interest to school administrators. A more comprehensive bill watch list is located on the **WASA** website.

Bill #	Title	Status	Sponsor
HB 1001	Education, funding first	H Appropriations	MacEwen
EHB 1003	Schools, disaster recovery	S Early Learning/K-12	Hawkins
HB 1008	Agency data practices audits	H General Government & Information	Smith
SHB 1031	College in the high school	H Rules X	Johnson
HB 1036	Domestic partnerships & PERS	H Rules X	Moeller
HB 1050	Annual leave payments	H State Government	Hunt
HB 1058	Lobbyists, electronic filing	H State Government	Moeller
HB 1072	Prevailing wage surveys	H Labor	Manweller
HB 1073	Prevailing rate of wage	H Labor	Manweller
HB 1074	Prevailing wage survey data	H Labor	Manweller
HB 1075	Prevailing wages, paying of	H Labor	Manweller
HB 1079	Joint utilization contracts	H State Government	Kochmar
HB 1081	College in the high school	H Education	Sullivan
HB 1086	Public record commercial use	H Appropriations	Moeller
EHB 1087	Traffic safety cameras	H Transportation	Takko
ESHB 1106	Operating Budget 2015, 2015–17	H Appropriations	Hunter
SHB 1109	OSPI certificated employees/TRS	H Appropriations	Reykdal
HB 1116	Capital Supplemental Budget 2015	H Capital Budget	Dunshee
HB 1120	School bus driver immunity	H Judiciary	Wilcox
SHB 1121	Financial education partnership	H Education	Parker
HB 1142	Parking fees/high school students	H Education	Wilcox
SHB 1149	Students/military families	H Education	Muri
HB 1154	Affordable college grant program	H Appropriations	Bergquist
HB 1163	Paid vacation leave	H Labor	Tarleton
HB 1164	Student nutrition/grant program	H Rules R	Riccelli
HB 1189	City, district public records	H Rules 3C	Hunt
HB 1230	Interest arbitration	H Appropriations	Sells
ESHB 1236	College bound scholarship	H Higher Education	Ortiz-Self
HB 1239	Tax exemption accountability	H Finance	Pollet

HB 1242	Educational employee strikes	H Labor	Muri
HB 1243	Truancy of students	H Judiciary	Muri
HB 1254	Prevailing wages/pilot project	H Labor	Manweller
HB 1273	Family & medical leave insurance	H Appropriations	Robinson
HB 1293	Paraeducators	H Education	Bergquist
E3SHB 1295	Breakfast after the bell	S Early Learning/K-12	Hudgins
HB 1297	Trans Supplemental Budget 2013–2015	H Transportation	Clibborn
HB 1300	Transportation revenue	H Transportation	Clibborn
HB 1322	State retirement plans	H Rules 3C	Reykdal
HB 1331	School library & technical programs	H Education	Muri
HB 1335	Rec. marijuana businesses	H Commerce & Gaming	Condotta
HB 1345	Professional learning	S Early Learning/K-12	Lytton
ESHB 1349	Exempted information/public records	H Rules 3C	Hunt
HB 1355	Minimum hourly wage increase	H Labor & Workplace Standards	Farrell
HB 1356	Sick & safe employment leave	H Labor & Workplace Standards	Jinkins
HB 1363	High school certificates/graduation	H Education	Hunt
HB 1379	Feb, April special elections	H State Government	Shea
HB 1385	Revenue growth for education	H Appropriations	Magendanz
HB 1386	School employees/reductions	H Education	Magendanz
2SHB 1408	Family engagement coordinator	S Early Learning/K–12	Ortiz-Self
ESHB 1420	School siting task force	H Local Government	Wilcox
HB 1433	Firearms in school zones	H Judiciary	Scott
2SHB 1436	Homeless youth	H Early Learning / Human Services	Kagi
HB 1444	Property tax relief	H Finance	Hunt
HB 1445	Computer science/world languages	H Higher Education	Reykdal
HB 1455	Prevailing wage/local Government	H Labor	Pike
HB 1477	Quarterly revenue forecasts	H Finance	MacEwen
HB 1483	Investment income B&O deduction	H Finance	Pollet
HB 1484	Capital gains excise tax	H Finance	Jinkins
HB 1492	Technology literacy	H Appropriations	Magendanz
ESHB 1495	Student user privacy	H Education	Reykdal
HB 1497	School district's board	H Education	Pettigrew
SHB 1511	Tribal history, culture, etc.	H Community Development, Housing	Ortiz-Self

H Education

H Education

H Appropriations

HB 1771

SHB 1783

HB 1785

Professional educator standards board

Academic achievement certificate

Dual language instruction

Gregory

Ortiz-Self

Revkdal

H Appropriations

H Appropriations

H Appropriations

H Appropriations

H Education

H Labor

HB 1983

HB 1991

HB 1992

HB 1996

HB 2003

2SHB 1999

Teacher financial assistance

Education employee orgs

Capital budget resources

Music education/elementary schools

Foster youth education outcomes

Retired or disabled/coverage

Pollet

Muri

Stanford

Ortiz-Self

Carlyle

Ormsby

HB 2006	Limited-English parents	H Education	Moscoso
HB 2009	Immunization exempts/children	H Rules C	Robinson
HB 2019	Teacher and principal evaluation	H Education	Muri
HB 2023	School employee contracts	H Rules R	Parker
HB 2037	Violence, mental health/K–12	H Education	Klippert
HB 2048	Large 1st-class school districts	H Education	Santos
HB 2072	Excess vacation day transfer	H Appropriations	Hunt
HB 2075	Certification of elections	H State Government	Bergquist
HB 2076	Racial disproportionality	H Gen. Government & Info. Technology	Sawyer
HB 2083	State retirement system employers	H Appropriations	Hunter
HB 2100	School-age childcare programs	H Early Learning/Human Services	Kagi
HB 2117	State board of education	H Education	Pollet
HB 2138	PERS and TRS plan 1 COLAs	H Appropriations	Reykdal
HB 2148	State auditor	H Gen. Government & Info. Technology	Chandler
HB 2149	Safe school learning climate	H Appropriations	Senn
HB 2158	Special purpose tax district T.O.	H Finance	Carlyle
HB 2161	School construction	H Capital Budget	Pollet
HB 2165	Assessments and standards/schools	H Education	Scott
HB 2167	Statewide assessments	H Education	Scott
HB 2168	Fiscal matters T.O.	H Appropriations	Hunter
HB 2169	Fiscal matters T.O.	H Appropriations	Hunter
HB 2177	Education T.O.	H Appropriations	Hunter
HB 2178	Education T.O.	H Appropriations	Hunter
HB 2179	Revenue T.O.	H Finance	Hunter
HB 2180	Revenue T.O.	H Finance	Hunter
HB 2183	Sexual abuse prevention K–12	H Education	McCabe
HB 2184	High school science assessment	H Appropriations	Lytton
HB 2187	General obligation bonds T.O.	H Capital Budget	Dunshee
HB 2188	Capital Budget T.O.	H Capital Budget	Dunshee
HB 2189	Capital Budget T.O.	H Capital Budget	Dunshee
HB 2191	Homeless student program	H Education	Sawyer
2HB 2214	High school student assessments	S Early Learning/K-12	Reykdal
HB 2215	State land purchases	H Capital Budget	Taylor

HB 2361

School levy lid revisions/delay

H Appropriations

Lytton

ESHB 2366	Basic education obligations	S Early Learning/K–12	Lytton
HB 2367	Public non-common schools	H Education	Magendanz
HB 2373	Student mental health	H Education	Senn
HB 2376	Operating supplemental Budget 2016	H Appropriations	Dunshee
HB 2377	Schools/GMA	H Local Government	Taylor
HB 2378	Caseload forecast council	H Appropriations	Stanford
HB 2380	Supplemental Capital Budget	H Capital Budget	Tharinger
HB 2381	School counselors task force	H Rules R	Ortiz-Self
HB 2382	Teachers/alt. route programs	H Appropriations	Magendanz
HB 2389	School-age child care	H Rules R	Kagi
HB 2392	Pesticide exposure	H Health Care/Wellness	Ortiz-Self
HB 2396	Homeless youth health care	H Judiciary	McBride
HB 2409	Special needs students	H Appropriations	Orwall
HB 2415	Worksite learning	H Education	Pike
HB 2429	Student assessment results	H Education	Caldier
HB 2449	Truancy reduction	H Appropriations	Orwall
HB 2451	Postsecondary & K–12 partnerships	H Higher Education	Stambaugh
HB 2472	Teacher salaries & mentoring	H Appropriations	Santos
HB 2476	180-day school year waivers	H Rules R	Johnson
HB 2479	Tax preferences	H Finance	Lytton
HB 2490	Public employee bargaining	H Labor & Workplace Standards	Manweller
HB 2513	Truancy/school assignments	H Judiciary	Klippert
HB 2537	State spending programs review	H Appropriations	Stokesbary
HB 2547	Synthetic turf materials	H Environment	Pollet
HB 2556	Academic achievement certificate	H Education	Hunt
HB 2557	Unused shared leave return	H State Government/Do Pass	Hunt
HB 2573	Teacher shortage	H Education	Santos
HB 2576	Local agency public records	H Local Government	McBride
HB 2586	School siting	H Local Government	Reykdal
HB 2589	Gender-segregated facilities	H Judiciary	Hunt
HB 2595	Schools/safe technology use	H Education	Ortiz-Self
HB 2597	School sexual abuse plans	H Education	Orwall
HB 2607	Integrated student services	H Education	Magendanz

HB 2608	Student and teacher data	H Education	Magendanz
HB 2609	Educator cultural competence	H Education	Magendanz
HB 2639	School bus rider safety	H Education	McCabe
HB 2643	School district procedures	H Education	Short
HB 2657	Teacher years of service	H Appropriations	Stokesbary
HB 2664	School PE exemptions	H Education	Cody
HB 2665	Tax preferences approval	H Finance	Santos
HB 2666	Tax expenditure transparency	H Appropriations	Santos
HB 2669	Public school PE requirement	H Education	Riccelli
HB 2670	School assessment system	H Education	Young
HB 2690	Academic support pilot	H Education	Sells
HB 2698	Levy lid revision delay	H 2nd Reading	Lytton
HB 2714	Unfunded state mandates	H Education	Rossetti
HB 2722	Small & limited public works	H Capital Budget	Kochmar
HB 2727	Teacher retention	H Education	Stokesbary
HB 2728	Reading coaches grants	H Education	Stokesbary
HB 2729	School grading and choice	H Education	Stokesbary
HB 2734	High school science testing	H Appropriations	McCaslin
HB 2742	School library materials	H Appropriations	Reykdal
HB 2743	High school diploma issuance	H Rules R	Reykdal
HB 2779	School competitive bidding	H Capital Budget	Kilduff
HB 2782	Gender segregated facilities	H Judiciary	Klippert
HB 2786	I-1366 fee increase requirements	H Appropriations	Shea
HB 2822	Underserved groups/I-200 repeal	H Capital Budget	Santos
HB 2823	School violence reports	H Education	Parker
HB 2824	Public school ed. success	H Education	Sawyer
HB 2825	Disabled student services	H Higher Education	Frame
HB 2829	Collective bargaining	H Labor & Workplace Standards	Chandler
HB 2833	Educational grant program	H Education	Young
HB 2837	School class size task force	H Education	Farrell
HB 2846	Apprenticeship utilization	H Labor & Workplace Standards/DP	Ormsby
HB 2851	School director compensation	H Education	Frame
HB 2862	School district fiscal notes	H Education	Rossetti

HB 2868	Career & technical education materials	H Appropriations	Reykdal
HB 2881	Educator shortage	H Education	Pollet
HB 2889	School board absences	H Education	Short
HB 2902	Charter school tax credit	H Finance	Hargrove
HB 2919	College readiness assessment	H Education	Gregerson
HB 2921	Professional educator workforce	H Education	Hickel
HB 2934	Rail transportation task force	H Transportation	Moscoso
HB 2941	School bathrooms	H Judiciary	Short
HB 2945	Growth management act review	H Local Government	Appleton
HB 2947	OSPI elimination/dept. of education	H Gen Government & Information	Sullivan
HB 2948	Career and college readiness	H Education	Santos
HB 2963	High school exam payment	H Education	Moscoso
HB 2964	Reduced-price lunch copays	H Appropriations	Gregerson
HB 2965	School accountability	H Appropriations	Magendanz
HB 2968	Kindergarten, K-3 class size	H Capital Budget	Tharinger
HJR 4204	Initiative measures	H State Government	Kagi
HJR 4206	Tax increase restrictions	H Finance	Orcutt
HJR 4209	Balanced budget	H Capital Budget	Scott
HJR 4210	School district bonds/voting	H Education	Gregerson
HJR 4212	Public safety/paramount duty	H Appropriations	Klippert
HJR 4213	Const. amendment on taxes	H Finance	Shea
HJR 4214	2/3 vote for tax increases	H Finance	Shea
HJR 4215	2/3rd vote for tax increases	H Finance	Orcutt
HJR 4216	Eliminating OSPI	H Gen Government & Information	Sullivan
SB 5045	Union security provisions	S Rules 2	Angel
SB 5063	Revenue growth for education	S Rules 2	Hill
SB 5064	Quarterly revenue forecasts	S Rules 3	Hill
SB 5065	Homeless students	S Ways & Means	Frockt
SB 5076	Operating Supplemental Budget 2015	S Ways & Means	Hill
ESSB 5077	Operating Budget 2015, 2015–17	S Rules 3	Hill
SB 5080	Dual credit educ. options	S Ways & Means	Dammeier
SSB 5081	State Government expenditures	S Rules 3	Miloscia
SB 5082	Career & tech education/elementary school	S Ways & Means	McAuliffe

SB 5086	Dual credit education opportunities	S Early Learning/K–12	Litzow
2SSB 5093	Nuclear energy education program	S Rules 3	Brown
SB 5095	State general obligation bonds, accts	S Ways & Means	Honeyford
SB 5096	Capital Supplemental Budget 2015	S Ways & Means	Honeyford
SB 5097	Capital Budget 2015, 2015–17	S Ways & Means	Honeyford
SB 5102	Rural schools/urban services	S Govt Operations & State Security	Padden
SB 5110	School siting outside UGAs	S Govt Operations & State Security	Brown
SB 5148	TRS early retire/substitutes	S Ways & Means	Parlette
SB 5160	Native early childcare & education	S Early Learning/K-12	McCoy
E2SSB 5179	Paraeducators	S Rules X	Hill
SB 5190	Public art and buildings	S Rules X	Benton
SB 5229	Technology literacy	S Ways & Means	Litzow
2SSB 5252	Reg. safety, security centers	S Rules 3	Dammeier
SB 5285	Minimum hourly wage increase	S Commerce and Labor	Jayapal
SB 5286	Higher education support	S Higher Education	Baumgartner
SB 5291	Epinephrine autoinjectors	S Rules 2	Mullet
SB 5303	Washington AIM program	S Rules 2	Litzow
SB 5306	Sick & safe employment leave	S Commerce and Labor	Habib
SB 5312	Educator retooling/program	S Rules 3	Litzow
ESSB 5316	Identifiable student information	S Rules 3	Dammeier
SB 5327	High school certificates/graduation	S Early Learning/K-12	McCoy
SB 5329	Public employee bargaining	S Rules 2	Braun
SB 5334	Basic education/local levies	S Early Learning/K-12	Mullet
SB 5336	Traffic safety cameras	S Rules X	Miloscia
SB 5351	Education T.O.	S Early Learning/K-12	Litzow
SB 5352	Education T.O.	S Early Learning/K–12	Litzow
SB 5358	Transportation revenue	S Transportation	Liias
SB 5359	Trans Supplemental Budget 2013–2015	S Transportation	Hobbs
SB 5360	Transportation Budget 2015–2017	S Transportation	Liias
SB 5361	Transportation projects/bonds	S Transportation	Liias
SB 5384	Income to meet basic needs	S Commerce and Labor	Miloscia
SB 5390	Investment pools/state & county	S Govt Operations & State Security	Dansel
SB 5391	Teacher certification degree programs	S Early Learning/K-12	Litzow

SB 5637

SB 5651

SB 5657

Peer mentoring program

Truant students, detention

School day extension/homework

S Higher Education

S Ways & Means

S Human Serv./Mental Health/Housing

Hasegawa

Darneille

Mullet

SB 5667	Bill & budget fiscal impact	S Ways & Means	Hargrove
SB 5668	Voting rights	S Rules 2	Habib
SB 5675	Dual language instruction	S Ways & Means	Roach
SB 5676	High school equivalency tests	S Ways & Means	Roach
E2SSB 5688	Student skills	S Rules 3	Litzow
SB 5690	Learning assistance program	S Early Learning/K–12	Dammeier
SB 5699	Capital gains excise tax	S Ways & Means	Nelson
SSB 5715	Initiatives, fiscal impact	S Rules 3	Fain
SB 5718	Public education system	S Early Learning/K–12	Jayapal
SB 5724	Safe routes to school program	S Transportation	Billig
SB 5744	School workforce reductions	S Rules 2	Litzow
SB 5745	Truancy reform	S Rules X	Hargrove
ESSB 5748	Teacher and principal evaluation	S Rules 3	Litzow
SB 5749	Student growth data elements	S Early Learning/K–12	Litzow
SB 5752	Racial disproportionality	S Rules 2	Hasegawa
SB 5765	Nurse in school setting	S Early Learning/K–12	Jayapal
SB 5774	Prevailing wage surveys	S Rules 2	Braun
SB 5775	Prevailing rate of wage	S Rules 2	Braun
SB 5787	Limited-English parents	S Ways & Means	Jayapal
SB 5791	Charter schools	S Early Learning/K–12	Darneille
SB 5807	Educator professional development	S Early Learning/K–12	Litzow
SB 5814	WA community learning center program	S Early Learning/K–12	Dammeier
SB 5825	High school science assessment	S Early Learning/K–12	Mullet
SB 5837	School management and performance	S Accountability & Reform	Miloscia
SB 5850	Student restraint, isolation	S Early Learning/K–12	Rivers
ESB 5854	Collective bargaining agreements	S Rules 3	Braun
SB 5856	College bound scholarship	S Ways & Means	Frockt
SB 5859	School construction	S Ways & Means	Pedersen
SB 5890	Education employee salaries	S Early Learning/K–12	Rolfes
SB 5905	Special education services	S Early Learning/K–12	McAuliffe
SB 5907	School technology tax exempt	S Ways & Means	McAuliffe
SB 5908	Student restraint, isolation	S Rules X	McAuliffe
ESSB 5915	Fiscal notes & impact statements	S 3rd Reading	Brown

SB 5922	Highly capable students	S Early Learning/K–12	Rolfes
SB 5927	School construction taxes	S Ways & Means	Sheldon
SB 5928	Education T.O.	S Ways & Means	Dammeier
SB 5930	Music education/elementary schools	S Early Learning/K-12	Chase
SB 5941	Adjuncts/substitute teachers	S Rules 3	Rivers
SB 5942	National guard youth challenge	S Ways & Means	McAuliffe
ESB 5944	State spending programs	S Rules 3	Hill
SB 5946	Students with disabilities	S Early Learning/K-12	Rivers
SB 5966	High school career and technical courses	S Early Learning/K-12	Rolfes
SB 5967	Eliminating board of education	S Early Learning/K-12	McCoy
SB 5976	School employee insurance	S Rules 2	Litzow
SB 5979	Salary increases	S Rules 2	Braun
SB 5980	Elected officials retirement	S Ways & Means	Braun
SB 5981	State debt limitations	S Rules 2	Braun
SB 5982	Retirement age/state systems	S Ways & Means	Braun
ESSB 5990	Transportation projects/sales, use tax	S Rules 3	King
SB 6002	Pest management in schools	S Ag/Water/Rural Economic Dev.	Chase
SB 6005	Retirement/max compensation	S Ways & Means	Braun
SB 6014	Public records actions remedies	S Govt Operations & State Security	Honeyford
SB 6017	PERS and TRS plan 1 COLAs	S Ways & Means	Liias
SB 6030	Assessments in public schools	S Early Learning/K-12	Chase
SB 6035	Public works assistance account	S Ways & Means	Rivers
SB 6040	Educational assessment system	S Early Learning/K-12	Chase
SB 6049	Fiscal matters T.O.	S Rules 2	Hill
SB 6050	Fiscal matters T.O.	S Rules 2	Hill
SB 6059	Education T.O.	S Rules 2	Hill
SB 6060	Education T.O.	S Ways & Means	Litzow
SB 6061	Revenue T.O.	S Ways & Means	Hargrove
SB 6063	Revenue T.O.	S Ways & Means	Ranker
SB 6064	Revenue T.O.	S Ways & Means	Ranker
SB 6069	Education T.O.	S Ways & Means	Ranker
SB 6072	Transportation revenue T.O.	S Transportation	King
SB 6073	Transportation funding, appropriations T.O.	S Transportation	King

SB 6076	Garnishing public pensions	S Ways & Means	Bailey
SB 6077	Forfeiting public pensions	S Ways & Means	Bailey
SB 6079	Basic education funding	S Early Learning/K–12	Baumgartner
SSB 6088	K-12 education enhancements	S Rules 3	Braun
SB 6093	Intangible property taxation	S Ways & Means	Chase
SB 6097	Future teachers c. scholarship	S Ways & Means	Ranker
SB 6102	Capital gains excise tax	S Ways & Means	Ranker
SB 6103	Basic education funding	S Ways & Means	Hargrove
SB 6104	Education financing	S Ways & Means	Rolfes
SB 6109	Basic education requirements compliance	S Ways & Means	Dammeier
SB 6111	Intangible property taxation	S Ways & Means	Chase
SB 6114	Fiscal reform	S Ways & Means	Frockt
SB 6116	Educational employees during strike	S Commerce and Labor	Sheldon
SB 6123	Retirement service credit	S Ways & Means	Bailey
SB 6126	Collective bargaining	S Rules 2	Braun
SB 6129	District-based elections	S Govt Operations & State Security	Roach
SB 6130	Basic education obligation	S Ways & Means	Dammeier
SB 6163	District charter schools	S Early Learning/K-12	Billig
SB 6171	Open Public Meetings Act/civil penalties	S Rules 2	Roach
SB 6174	Ballot titles/initiatives	S Rules 2	Ericksen
SB 6182	High school graduation tests	S Early Learning/K-12	McAuliffe
SB 6183	Local school district levies	S Early Learning/K-12	McAuliffe
SB 6189	Native American curriculum	S Higher Education	McCoy
SB 6190	Schools/"redskins" term	S Early Learning/K-12	McCoy
SB 6192	Educational opportunity gap	S Early Learning/K-12	McCoy
E2SSB 6194	Public schools/not common	H Education	Litzow
SB 6195	Basic education obligations	S Ways & Means	Rivers
SB 6201	Supplemental Capital Budget	S Ways & Means	Honeyford
SB 6230	Warrantless school searches	S Rules 2	O'Ban
SB 6232	Civics education & campaign compliance	S Early Learning/K-12	Fain
SB 6233	Student freedom of expression	S Rules 2	Fain
SB 6241	Teacher salaries & mentoring	S Early Learning/K-12	Billig
SB 6243	Youth suicide prevention	S Early Learning/K-12	Litzow

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SB 6244	Educational opportunity gap	S Early Learning/K–12	Litzow
SB 6245	Visual screening in schools	S Rules 2	Litzow
SB 6246	Operating Supplemental Budget 2016	S Ways & Means	Hill
SB 6259	School director compensation	S Early Learning/K-12	Carlyle
SB 6273	Schools/safe technology use	S 2nd Reading	Liias
SB 6291	Weighted GPAs	S Rules 2	Braun
SB 6292	Education funding/federal forest lands	S Early Learning/K-12	Braun
SB 6298	Homeless students gap act	S Ways & Means	Frockt
SB 6332	Teacher shortage	S Early Learning/K-12	Litzow
SB 6340	Voter preregistration	S Govt Operations & State Security	Fain
SB 6353	School levy lid revisions/delay	S Early Learning/K-12	Rivers
SB 6368	Academic support pilot	S Early Learning/K-12	Hobbs
SB 6393	Small & limited public works	S Commerce and Labor	Warnick
SB 6407	Recess time requirement	S Early Learning/K-12	Fain
SB 6408	Paraeducators	S Ways & Means	Hill
SB 6426	School siting	S Govt Operations & State Security	Conway
SB 6429	School day start times	S Early Learning/K-12	McAuliffe
SB 6431	K-12 leave cost study	S Early Learning/K-12	Mullet
SB 6432	Student mental health	S Early Learning/K-12	Litzow
SB 6443	Gender segregation. facility rules	S Rules 2	Ericksen
SB 6453	Worksite learning	S Early Learning/K-12	Cleveland
SB 6455	Professional educator workforce	S Early Learning/K-12	Dammeier
SB 6458	School assessment system	S Early Learning/K-12	Chase
SB 6460	Statewide assessments	S Early Learning/K-12	Chase
SB 6469	Teaching cursive in schools	S Early Learning/K-12	Roach
SB 6473	College readiness assessment	S Early Learning/K-12	Baumgartner
SB 6476	School assessment system	S Early Learning/K-12	Roach
SB 6497	Truancy reduction	S Human Services/Mental Health	Hargrove
SB 6504	Budget stabilization appropriations	S Ways & Means	Hargrove
SB 6507	Pesticide exposure	S Agr./Water/Rural Economics	Chase
SB 6512	State need grant/STEM degree	S Higher Education	Baumgartner
SB 6515	Firearms/hunting education	S Early Learning/K–12	O'Ban
SB 6516	Month of the kindergartener	S Early Learning/K–12	Fraser

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SB 6540	Safe playgrounds & turf	S Energy, Environment	Chase
SB 6548	Gender-segregated facilities	S Law & Justice	Warnick
SB 6549	Retired teachers/substitutes	S Early Learning/K-12	Conway
SB 6552	Assessment inventory tool	S Early Learning/K-12	McAuliffe
SB 6560	High school equiv. tests	S Higher Education	Chase
SB 6588	Music education/elementary schools	S Early Learning/K-12	Chase
SB 6604	Tax & fee increase limits	S Ways & Means	Ericksen
SB 6620	School safety funding plan	S Early Learning/K-12	McAuliffe
SB 6640	High school science testing	S Early Learning/K-12	Mullet
SB 6643	School bus toll exemption	S Transportation	Bailey
SJM 8006	Sexual abuse/children, peers	S Rules 3	Kohl-Welles
SJR 8200	2/3 vote for tax increases	S Govt Operations & State Security	Roach
SJR 8201	Initiative measures	S Ways & Means	Fain
SJR 8202	Income tax	S Ways & Means	Chase
SJR 8206	Capital gains tax limit	S Ways & Means	Ranker
SJR 8207	Taxation/const. amendment	S Ways & Means	Frockt
SJR 8208	Tax and fee increases	S Govt Operations & State Security	Roach
SJR 8209	2/3rd vote for tax increases	S Govt Operations & State Security	Roach
SJR 8211	2/3rd vote for tax increases	S Rules 2	Roach
SJR 8212	Constitution amendment on taxes	S Govt Operations & State Security	Ericksen

S Ways & Means

SJR 8213

Four-year balanced budget

Hill